UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/533,164	11/08/2005	Peter Martin Smit	130098-1000	9289
37058 TIM HEADLE	7590 04/11/200 <b>Y</b>		EXAMINER	
	YNNE SEWELL LLP		PRICE, CRAIG JAMES	
1000 LOUISIANA, SUITE 3400 HOUSTON, TX 77002			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3753	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/11/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/533,164	SMIT, PETER MARTIN			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Craig Price	3753			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>20 E</u>	December 2007				
-	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	<del>, _</del>					
٠,١	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposit	ion of Claims					
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application	1.				
<b>,</b>	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
·	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.					
-	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar .				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>20 December 2007</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
٠٠/٢	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)	a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen	ıt(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application						
	Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:					

Art Unit: 3753

### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Drawings**

1. Applicant's amendment overcomes the drawing objection.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasugai et al. '818 in view of Mitchell (2,827,915).

Regarding Kasugai et al. disclose a valve assembly able to be mounted with a liquid container, the valve assembly comprising, a housing (12) having a passageway that extends through the housing and having openings for liquid in the container to pass in and out of the passageway, a breather float valve (71) mounted within the housing, the breather float valve movable with liquid level in the housing between an open position to allow gas to pass through the passageway and out of the housing between a closed position that prevents liquid from passing through the passageway and out of the housing (Col.14, Lns. 20-27, as the vehicle turns the liquid lifts the valve, when the vehicle is not turned the valve is open and gas passes through the opening) between an open position to allow gas to pass through the passageway and a closed position that prevents liquid from passing through the passageway, an liquid inlet (79), forming part of the housing, the liquid inlet allowing fluid to pass into the housing, and a relief

Application/Control Number: 10/533,164

Art Unit: 3753

valve (at 39 and/or 50) that is movable between an open position and a closed position to allow pressure to be relieved from the container.

Regarding claim 3, Kasugai et al. disclose that the housing is cylindrical (Col. 5, Lns. 3-7).

Regarding claim 8, Kasugai et al. disclose that the breather float valve includes a rod (52) and breather float (32).

Regarding claim 9, Kasugai et al. disclose that a spring (53) engages the breather float valve.

Regarding claim 10, Kasugai et al. disclose that the relief valve includes a relief plate (39), a spring (31) and a cap (the top portion of 12 contacting spring 31).

Kasugai et al. disclose a fuel chamber (between 12 and 79) which is located adjacent the liquid inlet in which fuel is passed, although are silent to having an inlet float valve that includes a float and a stem, and a valve seal that is located adjacent the end of the stem, and a shelter is provided within the fuel chamber in which an end of the stem is located when the float valve assembly is in the open position, and an inlet float valve mounted within the housing, the inlet float valve movable between an open position that permits the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet and a closed position that prevents the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet.

Mitchell discloses an inlet float valve which teaches an inlet float valve mounted within a housing that includes a float (35) and a stem (26), and a valve seal (on the exterior of 28) that is located adjacent the end of the stem, and a

shelter (13) is provided within the fuel chamber in which an end of the stem is located when the float valve assembly is in the open position, the inlet float valve movable between an open position that permits the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet and a closed position that prevents the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to employ an inlet float valve that includes a float and a stem, and a valve seal that is located adjacent the end of the stem, and a shelter is provided within the fuel chamber in which an end of the stem is located when the float valve assembly is in the open position and where the inlet float valve movable between an open position that permits the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet and a closed position that prevents the flow of liquid through the liquid inlet as taught by Mitchell into the device of Kasugai et al. in order to "block the ingress of liquid into the container" (Col. 1, Lns. 37- 49).

### Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments, see amendment, filed 12/20/2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-3 and 8-10 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Kasugai et al. '818 in view of Mitchell '915.

The lower float of Kasugai et al. is movable with liquid level when the vehicle turns the liquid lifts the valve. The port, at 65, is closed or opened by the float valve 71. When port 65 is open, gas will be allowed to exit the tank,

Art Unit: 3753

depending on pressure applied to valve 34. When port 65 is closed, liquid will not be allowed to exit the tank, as claimed. The float 71 is responsive to the liquid level in the tank.

### Conclusion

4. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Craig Price whose telephone number is (571) 272-2712. The examiner can normally be reached on 7AM - 5:30PM Mon-Thurs, Increased flex time.

Application/Control Number: 10/533,164

Art Unit: 3753

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Greg Huson can be reached on (571) 272-4887. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Page 6

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

CP 7 April 2008 /John Rivell/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3753

/C. P./ Examiner, Art Unit 3753